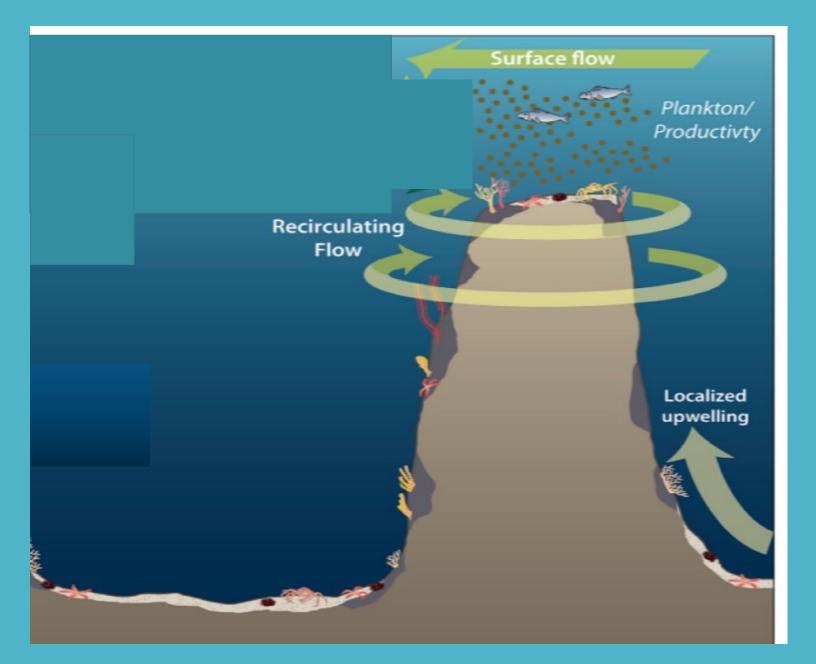
- > Seamounts are undersea mountains that rise above the seafloor but do not reach the water surface. Some seamount peaks are thousands of meters below the surface; others reach the euphotic zone (~200 m).
- > Shallow seamounts (summit < 400 m below ocean surface) have the potential to substantially affect the pelagic ecosystem by enhancing biological productivity.
- > There are a number of mechanisms that support these ecosystem changes.

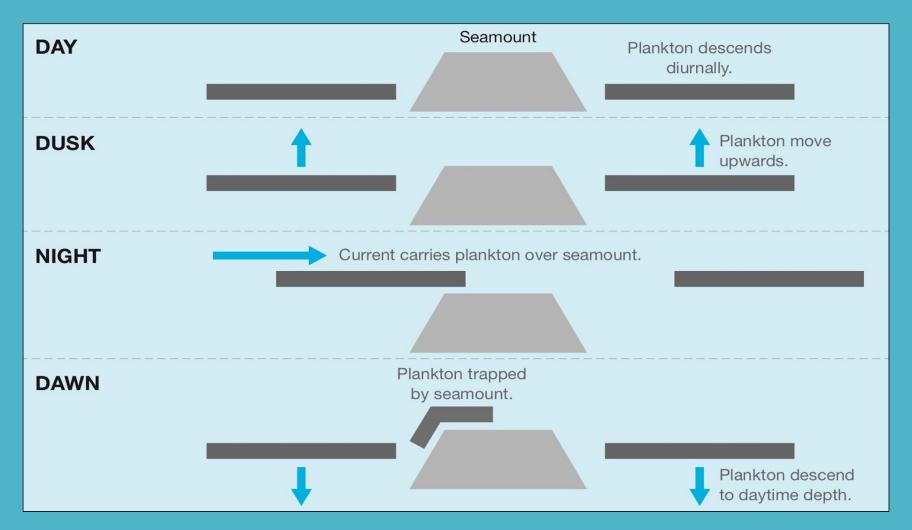


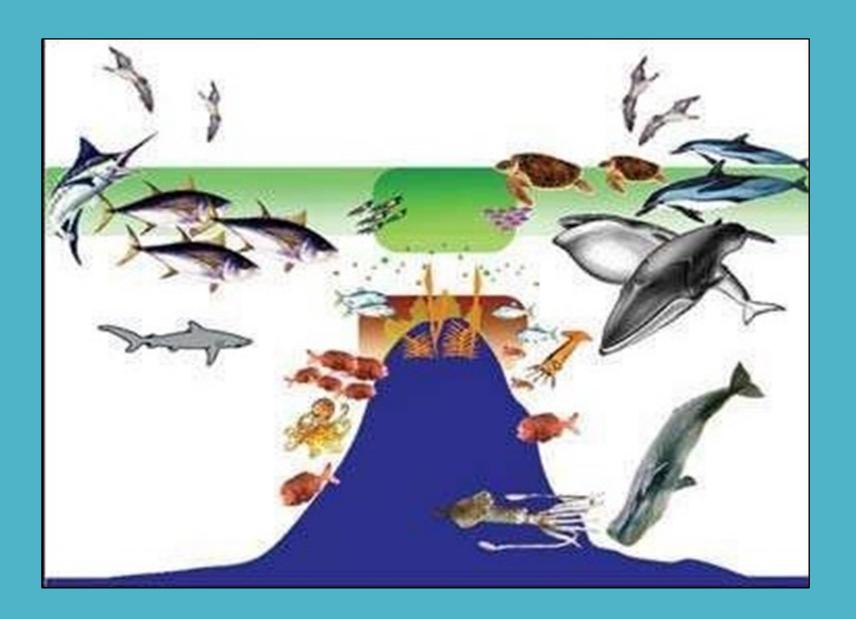


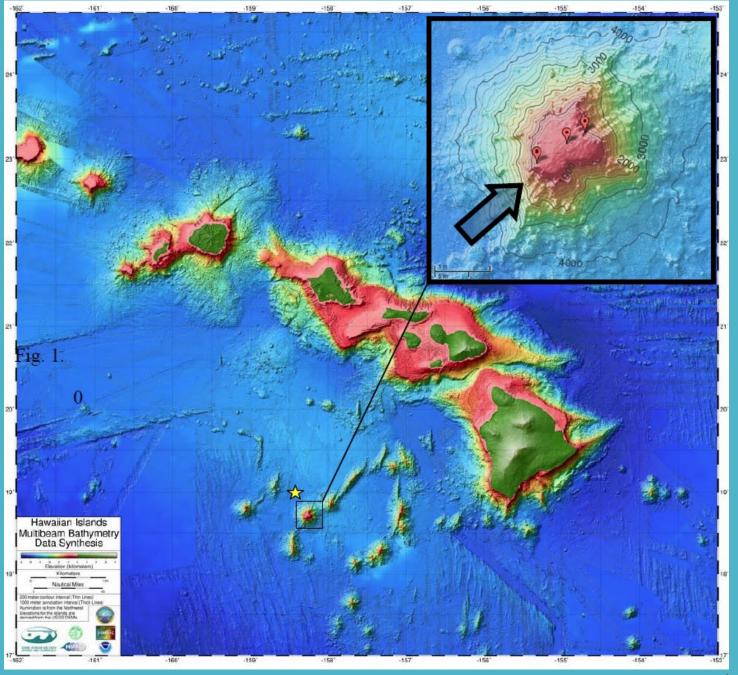
Zooplankton



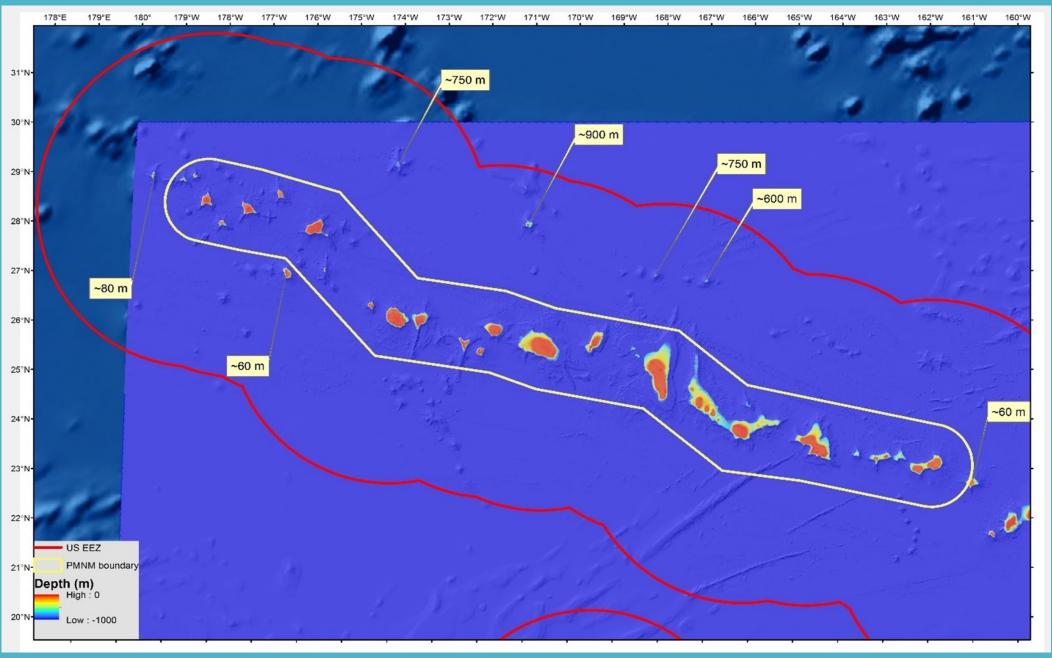
Micronekton







Djunaedi (2011**)**



NOAA Fisheries, Pacific Islands Regional Office

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